Chie, June, S. V.
Colorado Coal.
Col., H. V. & Toi.
Cittreens Gas of B.
Consolidated Gas Co
Lei, A. Rindson.
Del., Lack, A. W.
Deli, A. R. C. W.
Deli, A. R. C. W.
Den, A. R. C. W.
Colorado, C. C. C.
C. T. V. A. G. Cd pf.
Edwon B. iii.

51 Fint & P. M. 2200 Green Bay & Win. 56 Green Bay & Win. pt. 13599 Gen. Elec. 1055 Hilling's Central.

#### VETERANS IN WASHINGTON

ASSEMBLING AT THE NATIONAL EN-CAMPMENT OF THE G. A. R.

The City Profusely Decorated with Fings and Bunting-Chaplain Camp Fires Reid in the Churches-Chairman Carter to be Present to Do Political Missionary Work Among the Veterans-The Coulest for Commander-in-Chief-About 100,000 War Veterans Airendy Assembled in the City.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.-Washington is in readiness to receive her Grand Army guests. and the city will present a more attractive appearance than ever before in its history. The first thing to attract the attention of the veterans will be the waving Stars and Stripes. No matter which way they move the glorious emblem and bunting of all colors will meet their eyes. The decorations all over the city are elaborate and artistic, business houses and private dwellings being well ornamented. but the Government buildings show the most prominent specimens of the decorator's art.

The President's stand, on Pennsylvania avenue, directly in front of the Treasury Department, is handsomely decorated, and will accommodate about 500 persons. The stand for Grand Commander Paimer is in front of the War Department and is much larger. Across the streets traversing Pennsylvania avenue are long lines of flags, in the centre of each of which is a shield bearing the name and coat of arms of one of the States.

One of the most important features of the decorations will be the illumination of Pennsylvania avenue. At intervals have been placed skeletons of the corps badges and other familiar emblems, with the names of prominent battles and distinguished soldiers and sailors. These will finsh out with all the intense brilliancy of incandescent lights. One of these is an immense G. A. R. badge, which stands on the corner of the Treasury grounds at the head of the avenue, and will be visible

the entire length of the avenue.

The centre of interest to the visiting veterans is Grand Army place. Here are the regimental, brigade, division, and corps tents, where the old soldiers may most readily find their comrades. Here also are the larger tents in which the various corps reunions will be held. Here also stands the striking reproduction of the Kearsage as she steamed out of Cherbourg harbor to do battle with the Alabama. In the centre of the oval stands a flag tower surmounted by a staff, from the top of which, at a height of 100 feet, floats a garrison standard. Surrounding the base of the tower is a stand capable of holding 1,500 people. on which the dedicatory exercises will occur.

Directly opposite the eastern end of Grand Army place stands Albaugh's Opera House. where the sessions of the Grand Encampment proper will be held. The inside of the opera house is a blaze of color, rich, yet not garish. The bolconies are hung with broad widths of garnet plush, profusely embroidered and silgarnet piusa, profusely embroidered and silver fringed, festooned in graceful folds and alternating in the folds with drapery of brown silk. Over and behind the gas fixtures are set pleess, representing armorial trophies, in steel, highly polished, and reflecting the light from spear and helmet. At intervals a silken banner is intertwined with the drapery, and adds a dash of brilliant color to the more subdued flects. The boxes are draped and decorated in similar manner, and flags are hung in their rear. The wails are artistically decorated with bunting, flags, and shields. Over the top of the stage is a mass of flags and shields, and from this as a focal point radiate a dozen broad streamers beneath the ceiling to the opposite walls, making stripes of red and blue against the ceiling. The exterior of the building is elaborately decorated, flags of all nations hanging from the windows and bands of bunting draping the walls.

It was old soldiers' day in the churches today, and war chaplains camp fire was held at 3P. M. in the Congregational Church under the direction of the Rev. W. H. Gothwald, Chaplain of the Department of the Potomac, G. A. K. This evening, at Foundry M. E. Church, another camp fire was held. These will be continued throughout the week by the chaplains at the First Congregational Church and Western Presbyterian Church. The day was quite warm, and some of the elder. While ver fringed, festooned in graceful folds and

chaplains at the First Congregational Church and Western Presbyterian Church. The day was quite warm, and some of the older comrades feit the effects of the heat. While marching with his post, Gen. E. D. Baker. No. B. of Philadelphia. John Kreuger Isinted, and sustained a concussion of the brain, which caused his death in a few minutes. His body was cared for by the post.

Chairman Carter is expected here to-night or to-morrow morning to confer with the prominent Republicans who are members of the Grand Army. His coming was intended to be kept a secret, but the fact leaked out tonight that apartments have been reserved for him at the Arlington Hotel. He proposes to use the Grand Army to help the Harrison campaign, and Gen. Sickles's declaration at the Chicago Convention that no union soldier will vote for Grover Cleveland, will probably be

use the Grand Army to help the Harrison campaign, and Gen. Sickles's declaration at the Chicago Convention that no union soldier will vote for Grover Cleveland, wiil probably be worked for all it is worth among the veterans, cien. Alger of Michigan. Senator Proctor of Vermont, Gen. Michigan. Senator Proctor of Vermont, Gen. Michigan. Senator Proctor of Vermont, Gen. Microw of Kansas, and many other ex-union soldiers who are conspicuous in national politics are invited to attend the Carter conference. It is said that the selection of a new Commander-in-Chief for the G. A. R. will also be considered at the conference. The Republican managers are not favorably inclined to ward Col. Lincoln. Deputy Commissioner of Pensions, who is making a fight for the honor. They suggest that Wisconsin or Illinois should furnish the commander this year, and the man selected should be of prominence in national politics. It is possible that a Democrat may be chosen. The men who are manipulating the wires are keeping quiet pending the arrival of Chairman Carter. Col. Lincoln's following seems to belconfineditothe local veterans, and the friends of the other aspirants are doing but little talking on the subject.

There are now over 100.000 veterans in the city, and on every hand there is a general expression of regret at the prospect of the President's being absent during the encampment. At the White House to-night it was said that there is a slight possibility that the President may make a flying visit here for the grand review on Tuesday and return immediately to Loon Lake. Mrs. Harrison's condition appears to be gradually improving, and it is understood that she desires her husband to participate in the Grand Army celebration. If he concludes to leave the bedside of his sick wife for forty-eight hours he will start from Loon Lake tomorrow. Benjamin F. Butler, Senator Paimer of Illinois, Senator Proctor of Vermont, and "Uncle" Jerry Rusk are conspicuous among the veterans who are to appear in G. A. K. circles/wearing millitary hats

the following events:

9 A. M.—All hands aboard the Kearsarge.

10 A. M.—Parade preceding: the dedication of Grand Army place: Brevet Major-ten. E. A. tarr. U. S. A. commanding; to be reviewed by the Vice-Fresident and the semination of Grand Army place (White Let), with addresses by Vice-Fresident Morton and Grand Commander in Chief Palmer.

2 P. M.—Meeting of Department Commanders: meeting of Board of Directors National Women's Relief Gran.

5 P. M.—Drill by National Fencibles, prize Winners at the Omaha Encampment.

7 P. M.—Meeting of Council of Administration.

8 P. M.—Camp fire of Sheridan posts G. A. R.; reunion of the Twelfth, Fourteenth, and Twenty-second

Corps and Gusviermasters.

8:30 to 11:30 P. M.-Reception to W. R. C. Ladies of the G. A. R. and other organizations of patriotic woman, by the ladies of the Department of the Potemac, beaded by Mrs. John A. Logan.

men by the ladies of the Department of the Potemac, headed by Mra Joha A. Logan.

For this last affair the rotunda of the Capitol has been gorgeously decorated. The principal piece is a piece of tapestry, the work of Miss E. Jane Stearns of this city. It is the first American tapestry of an historical nature, and represents Gen. Logan's raily at Atlanta. Gen. Logan, the central figure, is mounted on his famous black stallion at the head of his command. The picture portrays the moment when he restored the confidence and courage of his men after the panic caused by the death of McPherson. The border of the picture is composed of hadges, fings of the Fifteenth, Sixteenth, and Seventeenth corps of the Army of the Tennessee, the medials voted by Congress, the Hilinois coat of arms, and that of Logan's Scotch-Prish ancestors. The tapestry will also form part of the decoration of Mrs. Logan's house on Tuesday night, of the Fension Office on the following evening, and be at the reunions of the corps of the Army of the Tennessee.

Loon Lake House, Sept. 18.—The following telegram was sent to-day:

The How, Let P. Morton, Five President of the United States, Weshington, B. C.

Washington, D. C.:
It is now quite certain that I will not be able to take
ity part in the irand Army exercises, and I will be
ery glad if, as the second officer of the Government,
out will take up the duties assigned to me on the offiial programme, that all possible bours may be shown
to the veterans who gather this week at the national
capital.

Bensamin Habbison.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Is the only line that maintains a strictly first-class limited train between New York and Chicago. All other "Limited" express frains are merely initations of the celebrated Pennyivania Limited.—de.

MAD LAWYER STOKES AGAIN. The Man Who Held Out Against the Police Last Winter in More Trouble.

George H. Stokes, the lawyer who was arrested for hugging and kissing Mrs. George J. Desring of 353 West Twenty-second street and Mrs. Augusta Hoffman of 535 West Twenty-third street, was brought before Justice Ryan at the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday morning. The complainants stated that the prisoner called at their houses on Saturday evening, and, upon the pretext of wanting to secure a furnished room, committed the improprieties charged against him. Stokes, in a hesitating manner, admitted that he had visited the boarding houses, but denied that he had insulted the women. Justice Ryan held the prisoner in \$500 bail on Mrs. Deering's complaint for his good behavior for aix months. As no bondsman appeared the law-

ver was locked up. Stokes, who is believed to be insane, has been in court before. Several years ago he figured as co-respondent in a divorce suit brought by Duncan Sniffen, and afterward, ngured as co-respondent in a divorce suit brought by Duncan Shiffen, and afterward, when a suit for \$10,000 damages was brought, the lawyer fied to China. After this Stokes was arrested for murder at Oakland, Cal. He escaped punishment for the crime on the plea of insanity, and was sent to the asylum at Stockton, but was subsequently transferred to Middletown. N. Y. Upon his discharge from the latter institution Stokes took up his residence with his mother, at 214 East Fourteenth strest, where he became violent, and threatened the life of his brother and grandmother. His mother sought the ald of the police, and two detectives, armed with a warrant for his arrest, went to the house. Finding that they had a powerful and desperate man to deal with, they decided to have recourse to strutagem. A message was sent to Stokes in the name of a friend requesting him to meet him at the Morten House.

The ruse didn't work, so the detectives sent for the flev. Dr. Maxwell, a friend of Stokes's and an occupant of the same house. Dr. Maxwell informed the police that Stokes had terrorized the entire household. His mother had heaf from the house, and his grandmother had barricaded herself in her room. Another alluring ruse failed as the first one did, and the detectives any that they must take their man by force.

detectives saw that they must take their man by force.

Accompanied by three policemen they marched to the house, but were unable to get in, and as their warrant did not give them the right to break in the door they were powerless. Next morning they returned, and found a crowd of curious people, who had read the story of the beselged madman, standing in front of the house. The police were planning an attack when the front door opened and the hig lawyer walked coolly out. He submitted to arrost without resistance, and was taken to Bellevue, where, after an examination, he was released.

#### HE WOULD BE A SALVATIONIST. Young Harry Rogers's Conduct Drives His

Mother Into Convulsions. Fourteen-year-old Harry Rogers lives with his father and mother at 5% Van Reypen place, Jersey City. His mother is an Episcopalian and an active church worker, but has a strong dislike for the Salvation Army. For some time Harry frequented the meetings of the Salvation Army without his mother knowing of it, and two weeks ago yesterday he joined their ranks. Since then he has nightly taken part in their services, both on the streets and at the barracks, which are in Jewett avenue, near Bergen street.

On Saturday night he put on the uniform for the first time and wore it home. His mother was greatly vexed and ordered him to take it off. She forbade him attending any more

was greatly vexed and ordered him to take it off. She forbade him attending any more meetings, but he insisted that he would and ran out of the house.

Mrs. Rogers, with one of Harry's uncles, went after the boy and found him singing on the streets with the Army. She begged him foreibly go home with her, but he refused. His uncle then grabbed him and draged him foreibly from the ranks. The boy's cries caused a large crowd to gather, but his uncle tore the uniform off him and carried him home.

Mrs. Rogers, who has been in feeble health, became hysterical during the scene, and had to be carried home. Soon after reaching there she became unconscious. A physician was sent for, but before he came she was selzed with convulsions. Three other doctors were called in, but their efforts were unavailing and she grew steadily worse. There was no change in her condition yesterday, and last night it was thought she would not live until morning. Mr. Rogers, who is out West, has been notified of his wife's condition, and is on his way home. The boy is very repentant, and is constantly at his mother's bedside.

# SAFE UNDER THE MILITARY CODE.

A Soldier Not Linble for Acts Committed Under Orders of His Superiors,

ALBANY, Sept. 17 .- The general opinion here in National Guard circles and at headquarters is that if Chief of Police Morgenstern of Buffalo attempts to arrest any of the National Guardsmen in New York for the shooting of young Broderick, they will immediately be released under the provisions of the Code that makes the man not liable for any deed committed while under arms and acting under orders. These sections of the law are quoted: Whenever any portion of the forces of this State be ordered to assemble under the authority of the Com-mander in Chief, in time of war, insurraction, inva-

mander-in-Chief, in time of war, Insurrection, invasien, or public danger, the rules and articles of war and general regulations for the government of the army of the United States shall be considered in force and a part of the Military Code, section 135 in the considered in force and a part of the Military Code, section 135 in the code of this State.—Military Code, section 135 in the code of this superior of the code of t

Whitney's Military Law.

As a soldier is not liable for his acts done under orders, no civil officer has a legal right to arrest him, and a soldier would be justified in resisting arrest. No officer, under the articles of war, would deliver to the civil authorities a soldier accused of an offence which that officer knew was done in obedience to orders.

## The State Department Ignorant of Minis-

Washington, Sept. 18.-Regarding a rumo telegraphed from Rome that Baron Fava, Italian Minister to the United States, had again been recalled from Washington, Secretary of State Foster said last night he had heard State Foster said last night he had heard nothing of it, nor of any such action on the part of the Italian Government. It is likely the rumor started because of the departure from Rome of United States Minister Porter.

There seems to be some misunderstanding regarding Mr. Porter's status. He is reported in New York as saying that he had resigned, the resignation taking effect last Thursday. Just before starting for Loon Lake last night. Secretary Foster said the State Department had no information that the Minister intended to resign.

## Lived to 80 and Hanged litmself.

John F. Dehncke, a German, 80 years old, ommitted suicide yesterday afternoon at his residence, 212 East Seventy-sixth street. He residence, 212 East Seventy-sixth street. He lived there with his son-in-law Charles Heins. The Heins family went to Washington Bridge in the afternoon. When they came home Heins found the old man with a rope around his neck hanging to his bedroom door.

Dehncke was a coal dealer until ten years ago when old age unfitted him for work. He had been married twice and leaves five grown up children.

Buffalo's Chief of Police Not Here. Sergeant Bird of the Detective Bureau said vesterday that no warrants had been lodged in this city by the Chief of Police of Buffalo, either yesterday or Saturday, for the arrest of certain soldiers connected with the Twenty-second Regiment. The Burfalo official was here on Saturday and said a visit to Police Headquarters, but now he is in Washington with the G. A. R. encampment.

A Fire Engine Runs lute a Lump Post. Engine No. 21, while on the way to a fire on East Forty-second street yesterday afternoon collided with a lamp post in front of 767 Sec-ond avenue. The post was knocked down and the sidewalk about it torn up. The engine was not damaged.

#### CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. Established in 1846.

Assets Jan. 1, 1892......\$59,738,479 95 Surplus (by State reports) excoeds...... 6,650,000 00 Management expenses for 46 years, only

8.56 per cent. of income. PHILIP S. MILLER, General Agent, For New York City and New Jersey, CARL SCHURE ON THE FORCE BILL.

A Picture of What Republican Lust of Power Would Do With the South, Seventy-five citizens of Brooklyn, among them Alexander E. Orr, Mayor Boody, and Edward M. Shepard, invited Carl Schurz to address the Cleveland and Stevenson cam-paign clubs of Kings county. Mr. Schurz has just replied that his health will not permit

paign clubs of Kings county. Mr. Schurz has just replied that his health will not permit him to make a public address. He writes a letter instead. Of the Force bill, he says that the negro question was on its way to a solution by a division of the negro vote between the parties. He goes on to say:

Into this hopeful situation the Force bill is to be thrus as a new brand or discord. No matter whether it be advected by the property of the same is a new brand or discord. No matter whether it be advected by the property of the same is nisidous sirstch of governmental power; the incitament among the Southern negroes of un warranted political ambitions and expectations by the reappearance of the Federal thorument as a meddler with olections; the interruption of the saintary division of the negro vois between different parties; the revival among the Southern whites of the old dread of negro domination; new distruct and discord between the two races; the poor and ignorant negroe, for whom the Republican politician pretends to care so much, burried into a hopeless contest with the numerically strong, intelligent, and wastily white; the right full cooperation of the two races in the South again violently disturbed; the peace of southy gard and interview again interview again is nearly and the property of the presence of south and all this at a strength and the property of the property of the property of the peace of south again impeded by the prespect of long, long years of social convulsion and service softwards to the objects of the measure. I look upon the Force bill as one of the most reckies, most cruel, most revolting partisan contrivances ever devised. I know the Republicans are artfully disclaiming that the Force bill as one of the measure. Allows the wear of the measure of a commission of inquiry. But no well informed and prudent man will be doctived. The Republican platform abhasison of inquiry. But no well informed and prudent man will be doctived. The Republican platform abhasison of inquiry. But no well info recommendation of a commission of inquiry. But, well informed and prudent man will be deceived. The publican platform substantissly endorses to measure. As into at each of the control of

#### COMMODORE ERBEN'S PLIGHT.

He Can't Have a Fire Brigade, and His Marines are Protecting Soldiers.

The official report of the fire which occurred in the Brooklyn Navy Yard early on Saturday morning was forwarded to Washington that night by Commodore Erben. The damage is estimated in the report as not to exceed \$30 .-000. Commodore Erben attributes the origin of the fire to spontaneous combustion, although it has been reported to him that the fire was first discovered on the outside of the building. first discovered on the outside of the building, which would lead to the belief that it was incendiary. He says that he can't understand why any one would set the building on fire.

In making his estimate the Commodore figures that the damage done to the Cineinant's engines is not more than \$6,000. He said that the engines were turned ever on Saturday, and the only damage he found that amounted to anything was the ruin of two condensers and a low-pressure cylinder. The building which is totally destroyed can be replaced, he thinks, for about \$25,000. Commodore Eben said that the Navy Yard Fire Department is a small affair, and is used only to extinguish small fires.

small affair, and is used only to extinguish small fires.

"We have never depended on it," he said, "for we have communication with the Brooklyn Fire Department.

"We can't have any Fire Department." the Commodore added, "and hardly anything else, for the eight-hour law prevents us from using the working men, and we are obliged to send all our marines down to Sandy Hook to protect the army from the choiera.

"By Jove." he continued. "If that isn't a queer thing: We have to send marines down on the army's grounds to do duty, while there are 2,000 soldiers around New York. We have sent 200 men down there. I don't understand what it's for, unless to take care of the soldiers."

The Commodore thinks that the machinery can be repaired in a short time, and that the work will not interfere in the least with the completion of the Cincinnati.

#### MR. PECK'S RESIGNATION.

It Was Seat In When Gov. Flower Took

ALBANY, Sept. 17 .- Gov. Flower's assertion that he has had the resignation of Labor Commissioner Peck in his hands ever since last winter is not looked upon as having any weight here by Mr. Peck's friends and the attaches of the bureau. It is said that the re-signation was sent in when Gov. Flower took

## DIED.

BELCHER.-On Friday, Sept. 16, 1892, at Warwick N. Y., Mary Blizabeth Belcher, daughter of the late Joseph and Deborah R. Beicher. Funeral from the residence of Benjamin F. Dunning.

Esq., Warwick, Orange county, N. Y., on Monday, the 19th inst., at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. ROWE .- On Saturday, Sopt. 17, Alexander Fairbairn Crowe. Funeral services at his late residence, 257 13th st., Brooklyn, on Monday evening, Seit. 19, at 8

BONNELLY.—At her home, 11 Madison st, city, after a long tilness, Mary Donnelly, widow of Wil-liam Donnelly of Montreal, Canada, aged 57 years. Funeral will take place Tuesday, Sept. 20, at 2 P. M

Montreal papers please copy.

FFARN.-On Saturday, Sept. 17, at her residence, 224 West 43d st., Charlotte, wife of Edward S Fearn. Functal services will be held on Wednesday, 21st inst., at the Memorial Chapel of the Ascension, 330

West 434 st. at 12:30 P.M. Interment at Wood-HANLY .- At his residence, 523 Hudson st., Patrick A requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his

soul at St. Veronica's Church, Christopher st., at 10:45 A. M., Tuesday, Sept. 20, 1892. Funeral from church at 1 P. M. enurcu as 1 ° N.

HOGAN.—On Sunday, Sept. 18, 1892, Mrs. Rate
Hogan, aged 51 years.
Funeral from her late residence, 169 India st., Green-

point, on Tuesday at 2 o'clock. KFLL-X.—At Lenox, Mass., on Friday, Sept. 16, 1892, Marie Ida Louise, daughter of Horace R. and Evelina De la Forest Kelly, in the 17th year of her

age. Funeral services as St. Ann's Church, Lenox, Mass. on Monday at haif past 10 o'clock A. M. Paris and San Francisco papers please copy. LYALL, -On Sept. 18, Mary E., daughter of James

and Margaret Lyall. Notice of funeral hereafter. Wittes of funeral hereafter.

O'RIELLY,—On Sept. 18, Mary E., beloved wife of Thomas J. O'Rielly and eldest daughter of Thomas P. Galligan, aged 3d years.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to at-

tend her funeral on Tuesday, Sept. 20, at 10 A. M., from her late residence, 436 Lexington av.; thence to the Church of St. Agnes, 43d st., Lexington and 8d avs., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the happy repose of her soul A N FOR B. On Sunday, Sept. 18, at Bergen Point, N. J., Walter C., only child of Oscar M, and Sarah C. Sanford, aged 13 years. Puneral services at the residence of his parents, 79

Avenue C. Bayonne, N. J., Tuesday evening, Sept. 20, at 8 o'clock. BIM PHON,—On Sunday, Sept. 18, 1892, Ann, widow of the late Henry Simpson, in her 85th year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to at-tend the funeral services on Tuesday evening. Sept.

20, at 8 o'clock, at the residence of her daughter Mrs. H. St. John, 129 Stockton at , Brooklyn. Inter ment at convenience of the family.

SPRING.—On Saturday, the 17th inst., at Bergen
Point, N. J., Martha (Kitsie), only daughter of Edward Watton and Zipha Beebe Spring, aged 3 years and 2 months. Funeral at the residence of her grandfather, Ira 1.

19th inst., on arrival of the 10 e'clock train from of John and Mary A. Turner, aged 22 years. Funeral from Trinity Episcopal Church, 164th st. and Boston av., at 2 P. M., Tuesday, Sept. 20.

Beebe, 110 Lord av . Bergen Point, on Monday, the

Special Motices.

THE COUNTRY'S SOLID PROSPERITY. The announcement on Wednesday that few cases of Asiatic cholera had appeared in the city itself was made the occasion of a depression of prices on the Stock Exchange similar to that which was produced a fortnight before, when the steamers from Hamburg with cholera victims on board began to arrive at Quarantine. How far the sellers of stocks

were really frightened, and how far they only pretended to be so, it is, of course, not possible to say, but surely five or six cases of cholera among two millions of people should not cause profound alarm. One case, indeed, was not discovered to be of the Asiatic variety until more than a week after it occurred, and then only by a careful microscopic investigation. Nor, in this case, had the disease spread from the patient to healthy persons, although, of course, no steps had been taken to prevent it from doing so. Were New York, like Hamburg, an old, closely built, and illdrained city, supplied with contaminated water, there would be some reason for expecting the epidemic, once started, to rage here as it did in Hamburg. That in the few instances thus far reported it has died out on the spot, shows that it has, as yet, found little food to feed on. If the truth could be known, probably not a year passes without intestinal troubles which upon examination would be proved to possess the true cholera character. They do not run into an epidemic because the conditions do not favor it, and those now coming to light will, there is every reason to believe, be equally harmless. Considering that during the summer months the deaths from cholers infantum and cholers. morbus frequently amount to several hundreds a week, those now attributable to Asiatic cholera seem scarcely worth attention, and

certainly ought not to create a panic. Still. I do not refuse to recognize the fact that the advent of the cholera and the uncertainty which, in the absence of experience, prevails with most people as to its future career have discouraged the buying of stocks and prevented the making of an effective resistance to the downward course of prices. I comprehend very well, too, the despondency not only of persons who have been compalled by the wiping out of their margins to sell their stocks at a loss, but of investment holders who have not sold and are under no necessity of selling, but who have to endure the sight of an apparent shrinkage of their capital. Their incomes are nowise lessened nor likely to be lessened by the epidemic, but such is the constitution of human nature that high quotations for one's property are viewed with pleas. ure and a decline in them causes pain. Shrowd stock operators are aware of this fact and act accordingly. If by bold and persistent sales they can produce a nominal fall, a real fall is likely to follow it and to give them back at a profit what they have sold. We have all seen the thing done over and over again, and yet

we continue to be influenced by it. Fortunately, the country's prosperity does not depend upon the New York Stock Exchange, and is little affected by its vagaries It is too solid in its nature and rests upon too broad a foundation to be seriously impaired even by the ravages of cholera in the worst form that the timid expect it to take. Nor are the exportation of gold, the recent labor troubles, and the alleged mischlefs of the Me-Kinley tariff to be accepted as indications of a decline in it. The industry of sixty millions of neople, with millions of acres of fertile soil. vast and productive mines, and countless ingenious mechanical inventions, is too mighty a force and accomplishes results of too immense proportions to be thwarted by such potty agencies.

Why the cholera is not to be feared as a destroyer of values, and why the exportation of gold, even if it should result in putting the metal to a premium, will not produce any serious mischief. I have already explained on this and on previous occasions. That the philan-thropic and tender-hearted people who see in the strikes at Homestead. Buffalo, and other places evidence of deep-seated wrong and of coming industrial disaster, as well as the poitical writers and speakers who denounce the

signation was sent in when Gov. Flower took the office, the same as every other appointed official sends in a resignation. As Gov. Flower did not send in a new name to the Senate, twas, of course, supposed that he had destroyed Mr. Peck's resignation. In any event Mr. Peck's resignation. In any event Mr. Peck's resignation, and Mr. Peck himself is firm in his announcement that he has not resigned his office. He is not in the city to-night, but on Friday he said:

"There is absolutely no truth in the statement that I have resigned. Democrats never resign, and I am still the Commissioner of Labor. I have no present intention of resigning my office. There is no reason wby I should do so."

When Gov. Flower was asked to-night whether he would take any action in case Mr. Peck was indicted, he said:

"The indictiment would prove its own action and Mr. Peck would not be Labor Commissioner under the existing laws. Further, I have nothing to say." | 1 Mark 1, Secol. 58 | Slag 8119 | 81 | 107 |
1 Mark 1, Secol. 58	Slag 8119	81	105
1 Mark 1, Secol. 105	105	105	105
1 Mark 1, Secol. 105	105	105	
2 Mark 1, Secol. 105	105	105	
3 Mark 1, Secol. 105	105	105	
4 Mark 1, Secol. 105	105	105	
4 Mark 1, Secol. 105	105	105	
4 Mark 2, Mark 1, 105	105	105	
4 Mark 2, Mark 1, 105	105	105	
4 Mark 2, Mark 1, 105	105	105	
4 Mark 2, Mark 1, 105	105	105	
4 Mark 2, Mark 1, 105	105	105	
4 Mark 2, Mark 1, 105	105	105	
4 Mark 2, Mark 2, Mark 1, 105	105		
4 Mark 2, Mark 2, Mark 1, 105	105		
5 Mark 2, Mark 2, Mark 1, 105	105		
6 Mark 2, Mark 2, Mark 1, 105	105		
7 Mark 2, Mark thers had not been discontented with the rule of Great Britain, and if every one of us, both natives and foreign born, was not discontented with his lot in life and striv ing to better it. Discontent begets enterprise, stimulates ingenuity, and promotes industrial activity. The men who work for wages, when they endeavor to secure greater compensation, shorter hours. other improvement in their relations with their employers, are actuated by th same motives as the builders of railroads, the founders of factories, the openers of mines, and all the other varieties of money seekers. Their strikes are no more proof of misery than are corners in stocks, the formation of trusts, or railroad rate wars. Besides, when hundreds and even thousands of men are able to live without work for whole months at a time, as we see them doing when they are on strike, it shows that they are by no means in a state of utter destitution and starvation. Labor troubles, as proofs of decaying industry, may therefore be treated as what the mathematicians call negligible quantities.			

In regard to the McKinley tariff and the injury which it is alleged to have done and to be doing to industry by increasing the cost of important articles of consumption and diminishing not only the purchasing power of wages but their nominal amount, enough to say that the facts are denied, and even if they were admitted, they would not support the inferences drawn from them. That under a protective tariff the goods protected by high duties cost the consumer more than they would if they were allowed to come in free, is involved in the very idea of protection, for otherwise the home manufacturer could not compete with his foreign rivals But the McKinley tariff, it must be remembered, did not follow an era of free trade. It is only the same old tariff, with a few modifications, under which we have been living for the past thirty years. Any changes it may have produced must, therefore, be comparatively few in number and small in amount, and the effect they have had upon business prosperity must be insignificant. That our workingmen are not to any great extent suffering under it for want of employment is shown by the fact that our imports of manufactured articles for the first months of this year amount in value to \$132. 186,841. All our home labor has been unable to supply the demands of home consumers. leaving a gap of \$132,183,841 to be filled from abroad. If the business of manufacturing in this country and the scale of wages paid in it are depressed, the depression cannot be ascribed either to the McKinley tariff or to a want of demand for goods.

The belief is current, and gives rise to much despondent talk about business, that unless speculation is rife, the demand for labor and for goods in excess of the supply, and the liveliest activity is displayed in all departments of industry, the country is going down hill, and will soon land everybody in ruin. It might as well be said that a man is in good health only when his blood is at fever heat, his nerves strung up to the highest pitch, and he sleeps but four hours out of the ork City and New Jersey.

\*\*RECWN'S CAMPHORATED SAPONA.\*\*
CEOUS DENTIFICE is the best tooth powder in the his case which will leave him worse off than his case which will leave him worse off than bein neighbor whose blood remains at its nor-

mal temperature, who takes life easily, and who sleeps his full eight hours and more, and so there is in the case of a country when it indulges in a period of wild speculation, as Great Britain lately did in Argentine investments. I see that the Bank of England is still out of pocket some \$25,-000,000 of the money which it advanced two years ago to prevent the collapse in the securiies of Argentina from leading to a financial catastrophe in London, and the sudden cessation of exports from Great Britain to the country has produced a stagnation in many branches of British industry, much of which is unfairly attributed to our tariff. The check given to enterprise by the unlucky result of Argentine ventures has also reduced the amount of new investments in London to onehalf, and the business of the London Stock Exchange to less than two-thirds of what hey were before the Baring failure. In view of this warning I am quite content with the less showy but more solid prosperity of this country, and I am not disposed to complain of the absence of speculation.

MATTHEW MARSHALL.

25.25 Nasour Facile.
805 No. Kan & Tes.
1500 No. Kan & Tes.
1500 No. Kan & Tes.
1600 Noble of the Color of th FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL New York Stock Exchange Sales and Range of Prices of All Securities Denit in During the Week Ending Sept. 17, 1892, UNITED STATES AND STATE BONDS (IN \$1,000s). Sales. Open High-20000 N. Caren. 44 198 ed. 10800 S. Caren. 48 1884 1884 10000 N. C. Spi. T. W. N. C.R. 44 44 44 414 BAILBOAD AND OTHER BONDS (IN \$1,0008). | Sales | Sale | SOURCE | Phila & Reading | 64% | 57% | 52% | 500 | 500 | Phila & Reading | 64% | 55% | 52% | 500 | Phila & C. | 152 | 61% | 152 | 10% | 152 | 10% | 152 | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | Total sales, 1,536,178 shares. UNLISTED DEPARTMENT TRANSACTIONS.

Total sales of railway bonds (par value), \$4.0

BAILWAY AND OTHER SHARES.

BANK STOURS. 70 Western National. 121 121 120 120 10 American Exchange. 15814 15814 15814 15814 10 Bank of Commerce. 100 100 116 116 24 Hanover. 34013 34013 34013 34014 SUNDAY, Sept. 18. The sum of the Treasury balances at the close of business on Saturday was \$131,781,499.

an increase as compared with the previous Saturday of \$863,868. National bank note circulation outstanding, \$172,582,401. ance of deposits to redeem national bank notes, \$25,633,462, a decrease for the week of Statistics relating to silver bullion certifi-

entes dealt in on the Stock Exchange are as follows: Silver bullion on hand Sept. 17. 1,882,440 ounces, a decrease of 67,297 ounces for the week; certificates outstanding, 1.881. The dealings for the week were 92,000 ounces, at 83 % @84, closing at 84.

The weekly bank statement shows: Reserve \$120,814,200 \$127,838,800 Dec. \$1,975,400 Surplus... \$4,781,975 \$4.879,575 Inc. \$97,990 The surplus a year ago was \$7,750,750. Two years ago, \$1,905,200.

## MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

BINIATURE ALMANAC-THIS DAY. Sun rises... 5 40 | Sun sets... 6 00 | Moon rises, 4 04 migh water—This Dat. Sandy Heek. 6 12 | Gov. Island. 6 47 | Hell Gate.. 8 37

Arrived-SUNDAY, Sept. 18. Arrived-SENDAY, Sept. 18
Sa La Bretagne, Collier, Havre,
Sa Washington City, Rowe, Hamburg,
Sa Norge, Knudsen, Stettin,
Sa Orinoco, Garvin, Rermuda,
Sa Oranje Frince, Young, Shielda,
Sa City of Augusta, 'Latherine, Savannah,
Sa Cherokee, Chichester, Charleston,
Sa Roanoke, Huipinera, Newport Newa,
Sa Wyanoke, Boar, Norfolk.

[For later arrivals see First Page.] SETCOING STRANSHIPE.

Latt To-day.

Mails Closs. | Rock Island 168.58 | 105.9 | 10.56 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 8:00 P. M. Sail To-marrow. Trave, Bremen. INCOMING STEAMSHIPS

Philadelphia Bermuda Furnessia Hermanu Laguayra. Taurie Ethiopia Ems Francisco Alvo Port Limon

| F. F., A. Min | 13 ch | 12 13 | 12 23 | 12 13 | 12 15 | 12 | 12 24 | 12 13 | 12 13 | 12 13 | 12 13 | 12 13 | 12 13 | 12 13 | 12 13 | 12 13 | 12 13 | 12 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | 13 13 | Liverpool London Liverpool Gibraltar Havana Kingston City of Paris Havel Adriatic Westernland. Due Thurslay, Sept. 22. Polaria.... Stettin Schiedam Rotterdam Norwegian. Gasgow City of Washington Havana Due Friday, Sept. 23. Due Salurden, 19th 24,
La Touraine. (Therhourg.
Augusta Victoria. Scuttampton.
Fenniand Antwerp.
Keyada Liverpool.
Rinetia Hamburg.
Jersey City. Swanasa.
Hotinna Liverpool.

## In pursuance of the policy announced some

time back, to avoid making THE SUN'S Guide to New York bulky with advertisements, it has been decided to stop taking advertisements for the general run of the book. There are still a few preferred pages to be disposed of. The Guide will be Con-199, 190 M 120 M illustrated with tinelve bird's-eye views of New York, and the backs of these double plates, \$4 pages, will carry the only display advertising in the body of the book. Some of these have been sold, and those who wish to have any of the others should apply at once to the Guide Book Department of THE NEW YORK SUN. Advertisers will please hear in mind that THE SUN guarantees a first edition of 75,000 copies.

# Mew Publications.

A SK ANY NEWSDEALER OR BOOKSELLER TO "OUR MONTHLA MISHAL GEM."
Princils cents.
32 pages of most excellent music.
Dadlers supplied by
THE AMERICAN NEWS COMPANY.

Financial.

# Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company.

P. O. Box 246, 95 Milk st., Beston, Aug. 23, 1893. INCOME BOND CONVERSION UNDER CIRCULAR NO. 68,

Income Bonds will be received for exchange into Second Mortgage Bonds, Class A, until Oct. 1, 1892, by the following appointed agencies: UNION TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK.

At Office of Atchison Co., 95 Milk St., Boston, UNION TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK,

BO E Way, New York City.

BARING BROTHERS & CO., LIMITED,

8 Bishopsgate-within, London, E. C.

Income Bond Scrip of any class will be received for exchange, the same as the bonds, in amounts not less than \$100, and in even hundreds or thousands. ORAL AND WRITTEN INQUIRIES concerning this Exchange and applications for Circulars and blanks for use thereunder can be made of any of above agencies and of J. W. REINHART, VICE-PRESIDENT ATCHISON COMPANY, DO MILK ST., BOSTON, By or der of the Board of Directors.

GEORGE C. MAGOUN, Chairman, J. W. REINHART, Vice-President.

# BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE (O.

26 COURT ST., BROOKLYE

CAPITAL, \$1,000,000. Guarantees the payment of Bonds and

Mortgages on real estate in New York and Kings Counties. Offers to investors choice mortgage investments, with payment guaranteed by it.

DIRECTORS, Orlando B. Potter. George G. Williams, William M. Ingraham, John J. Tucker, Alexander E. Orr, Jacob H. Schiff, John W. Sterling. William Lummis. James D. Lynch, Julien T. Davies, Charles S. Brown,

Yellx Campbell. Frederick Potter. Ellis D. Williams WILLIAM B. ISHAM, MARTIN JOOST,
President, ViceCLARENCE II. RELSEY, 2d Vice-President,

O. EGERTON SCHMIDT, FRANK BAILEY.

#### TAXES, 1892, New York City.

Confirmed Aug. 23, 1892.

Correct bills obtained. Protection afforded against wrong payments. For two dollars annual fee this company will:

1. Register your lot on its books. 2. Obtain correct tax bills for you.

 Notify you whenever assessments are confirmed and send you correct bills. 4. Obtain correct bills for Croton water. 5. Attend to all payments for you.

TWO DOLLARS per year for a single lot Tax Registration Bureau.

TITLE GUARANTEE TRUST CO 55 Liberty st. & N. E. cor. 58th & 7th av., N. Y.

# KNICKERBOCAEA TRUST CO.

234 FIFTH AVENUE, cor. 27TH ST. Branch, 18 Wall St. and 3 Nassau St. CAPITAL and SURPLUS, \$1,000,000 DESIGNATED LEGAL DEPOSITORY. Interest allowed on deposits. Checks pass frough Clearing House same as on city banks. Acts as Executor or Aministrator of Estates, and as Guardian, Receiver, Registrar, Transfer and Financial Agent for States, railroads and

JOHN P. TOWNSEND, President, CHARLES T. BARNEY, Vice-President, JOSEPH T. BROWN, 2d Vice-President FRED'R L. ELDRIDGE, Secretary, J. HENRY TOWNSEND, Ass't Secretary.

# Wayland Trask & Co. Bankers and Stock Brokers,

18 Wall Street, New York, transact a regular banking business including the was chast and sale on commission of securities dealt in all the New York Stock Exchange. WAYLAND TRASK, THEODORE BALDWIN.

ALFRED N. RANKIE

Diridends and Interest.

OFFICE
ONTARIO SELVER MINING CO.
MILLS BUILDING, 15 BROAD ST.,
NEW YORK, Sept. 17, 1892.

DIVIDEND NO. 1984.
The regular monthly dividend of FIFTY CENTS per share has been declared for August, payable at the office of the company, Nan Francesco, or at the transfer agency in New York, on the Suth Inst.

Transfer books close on 24th inst.

LOUNS BUILDING CO., Transfer Agenta.

OFFICE HOMESTAKE MINING CO., MILLS BUILDING, 15 BROAD ST. SEW YORK, Sept. 15, 1892.

DIVIDEND NO. 170.

The regular mouthly dividend, TEN (10) CENTS PER.

BHARE, has been declared for Amust payable at the office of the company, San Francisco, or at the transfer agency in New York, and the 20th inst.

Transfer books close on the 20th inst.

LOUSBURRY & CO., Transfer Agents.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the EU-vi Is A CONS 1.1D 1 Fib MINING CO, will be held at the office of the company in this city of Minday, Oct 17, 1902, at 11 oction.

Transfer backs close here on Triday, Oct, 14, and in New York on Monday, Oct. 10.

[8] H. P. BUSH, Secretary.

New York on Monday, Oct. 10.

18 12 16 21

MANHATIAN BAILWAY COMPANY, 71 BROADMAY NEW YORK, Sopt. 13, 1802.

THERTY-FOURISH DIVIDIND.

A quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cont.
On the laptide Stock of this company has been declared,
payable at this other on the laptide stock of the company has been declared,
payable at this other of the company has been declared,
payable at this other of the one hand after test. 1, 1802. The
ordork F. M. and reopened on Monday, Oct. 8, at 12 of clock and of the company has been declared.
Notice is bereby given that the transfer books will be
again the d on Saturday, Oct. 8, at 12 of clock moon,
preparatory to the Stockinders Annual Meeting, to be
field on Wedneslay, Now 9, at 12 of clock moon. Transter beens will be ryopened on Thursday, Now. 10, at 10
of lock A. M.

D. W. McWILLIAMS, Treasurer.

orbook A.M. D. W. McWILLIAMS, Treasurer.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY, S. E.W. YORK, Sept. 14, 1892.

THE BOARD OF THE SHES HAVE DECLARED a quarterly division of ONE AND ONE-QUARRED FER CENT, upon the Cantal Stock of this Company from the net earnings of the three months ending Sept. 18 this, navable at the office of the Treasurer on and after the 15th day of October next to shareholders of remodal the cheef this transfer books on the 20th day of September sins.

The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of Sept. 20 inst., and reopened on the inorming of Oct. 15 next.

MANHATTAN RAILWAY COMPANY, 71 BROAD-WAY, NEW YORK, Sept. 13, 1862.
By order of the Board of hirectors, the transfer books of the Nonlattan Raina ay Company's Registered Board Certificates will be closed on Friday, Sept. 1d, at 8 a close 7. M., pressentatory to the payment at this offer, on the fit 1852, of interest on said certificates. The transfer books will be reopened on Monday, Oct. 3, at 10 o'closek A. M.

Toans.

A BYANCES PROCURED upon furniture without re-moved. RADCI IFFE, 375 Fulton at , Brooklyn, and 233 Broadway, New York.

## Clertions and Meetings.

COLORADO MIDIAND RAILWAY CO.
ECULERARY'S OFFICE.
COLORADO S'ELIMOS. CO. Sept. 2, 1892.
The acquait meeting of the stockholders of the Colorado M. Iland Railway Gommany, for the election of Directurs, and for the trajecturion of such other business as may properly come before such meeting, will be held at the office of the company, at Colorado Springe, Colorado, at twelve (12) colora noon, on Monday, Oct. 3, 1802. 3. 1892. The stock transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock I M. on the 22d day of sentenber 1892, and will remain closed until these days after the final adjournment of said meeting. It, W. Skill S. Secretary.

THE LAKE FRIE AND WISTERN RAILROAD COM-DEATY-Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of the Lake bute and Western Badroad Company will be cell at the office of the com-pany in Feorma III, on Westerdar, the 5th day of tatteer, 1832, for the purpose of electing three direc-tors, to serve for three years, and the fransaction of any other business which may properly come before the meeting. THE AMERICAN NEWS COMPANY.

250. FOCKET MAPS.—Separate States, Territories, The transfer books will be closed at from on Saturday, Sept. 10, and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on Thursday, Oct. 6, 1897. Oct. 6, 1897. Oct. 6, 1897. Aug. 29, 1892.